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Registration :

- Early Bird : 1st July to 31st August, 2019
Regular/Normal : 1st September to 31st October, 2019
Late Registration : 1st November to 7th Feb, 2020
Spot Registration : 8th, 9th & 10th February, 2020
For details : <https://www.aps2020.org/registration>
Email : aps2020reg@gmail.com

Registration fees :

- Early Birds : \$100 / ₹ 5000/- (Indian)
Regular Registration : \$120 / ₹ 6000/- (Indian)
Late Registration : \$160 / ₹ 7000/- (Indian)
Spot Registration : \$200 / \$160 (SAARC) / ₹ 7000/- (Indian)
Indian student* : ₹ 3000.00/- (Required I. card of the Institution)
*(PhD scholar/Researcher & Master student)

Abstract Submission :

- Start : 1st July, 2019
Deadline : 30th September, 2019
Acceptance of abstract : 30th October, 2019
Instruction : (250 words maximum, Time Roman
letter, Size 12, space-single, heading
size 14, author-12. Preference for
paper presentation : Oral/ Poster)

For details : <https://www.aps2020.org/abstract-submission>
Email : aps2020abstracts@gmail.com

Pre-Symposium Training 5th, 6th, & 7th February, 2020

Pre-Symposium Training on Field Methods on Primate Conservation Biology.

- Application : 1st July to 31st August, 2019
Selection : 1st October, 2019
Training fees* : \$500 (Foreigner), \$300 (SAARC) &
₹ 10,000/- (Indian)

For details : <https://www.aps2020.org/pre-symposium-training>
Email : aps2020presymposiumtraining@gmail.com

**Covers food and lodging for both pre-symposium and symposium including registration fees and Kits.*

Contact for accommodation :

aps2020accommodation@gmail.com
For details : <https://www.aps2020.org/accommodation>



7th Asian Primate Symposium-2020 & 1st International Conference on Human-Primate Interface

DATE

8th, 9th and 10th February, 2020
Pre Symposium Training - 5th, 6th and 7th February, 2020

VENUE

GUIST, GAUHATI UNIVERSITY
Guwahati - 781014, Assam, India

Organised by

Aaranyak

Deptt. of Zoology, Gauhati University
Primate Research Centre, NE India.

Contact : +91-361-2230250/2228418

Website : www.aps2020.org



CONCEPT

India, a mega-biodiversity country, harbours 26 species of non-human primates. Distribution of non-human primates in India covers different phyto-ecological zones in the country. Out of these 26 species, the Nilgiri langur and Lion-tailed macaque in Western Ghats and Golden langur in Indo-Bhutan border and Ajax langur in Indo-Nepal border are endemic.

The Northeast India comprising of the states of Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Meghalaya, Manipur, Tripura, Mizoram, Nagaland and Sikkim can be physiographically categorized into the Eastern Himalayas, Northeast hills (Patkai-Naga Hills and Lushai Hills) and the Brahmaputra and Barak Valley plains. Situating at the confluence of the Indo-Malayan, Indo-Chinese and Indian bio-geographical realms, the Northeast India is unique in providing a profusion of habitats, which features diverse biota with a high level of endemism. Out of the total 26 species of non-human primates in India. 12 species viz. Bengal slow loris (*Nyctcebus bengalensis*), Rhesus macaque (*Macaca mulatta*), Assamese macaque (*Macaca assamensis*), Northern pig-tailed macaque (*Macaca leonina*), Stump-tailed macaque (*Macaca arctoides*), Arunachal macaque (*Macaca munzala*), White cheeked macaque (*Macaca leucogenys*), Capped langur (*Trachypithecus pileatus*), Golden langur (*Trachypithecus geei*), Phayre's leaf monkey (*Trachypithecus phayrei*), Western hoolock gibbon (*Hoolock hoolock*) and Eastern hoolock gibbon (*Hoolock leuconedys*) are distributed in northeast India. Except Rhesus and Assamese macaque distributions of remaining 10 species are exclusive to the region. The Arunachal macaque (*Macaca munzala*), which is new to science was discovered only in the year 2005 (Sinha *et al* 2005) from Arunachal Pradesh in Northeast India. Similarly distribution of Eastern hoolock gibbon from the region is also a very recent reporting (Das *et al* 2006). The distribution of another species *i.e.* White cheeked macaque in the region is another most recent finding (Chetry *et al.* 2015). As per Indian Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972, six species viz. Slow loris, Capped langur, Golden langur, Phayre's leaf monkey, Western hoolock gibbon and Eastern hoolock gibbon are Schedule-I species and six macaques species are Schedule-II. As per IUCN assessment 4 species are Endangered and 8 are Vulnerable category.

Habitat loss and fragmentation are the key threats for non-human primates and other wildlife in the country. Additionally, there is hunting pressure in some areas especially in Northeast India. Again there is a rising trend in human-monkey conflict in recent years across the country. Crop raiding by monkeys has

become a common problem not only in fringe areas of forests but also in other areas. Urban populations of monkeys are also creating problems. In fact human-monkey conflict has emerged as important issue in certain parts of the country. For the human-monkey peaceful co-existence, it is urgently needed to find out the causes of conflicts and prospective management methods.

The scientific researches in non-human primates are expanding. However, emerging issues like impacts of climate change on primates and their habitats, dynamics of human-monkey conflicts and threats of zoonotic diseases, conservation and management aspects of the threatened primates species in changing scenario are need to be understood and addressed.

The Pre Symposium Training (5th, 6th and 7th February, 2020) will provide opportunity to the young primatologists to learn research technique renowned primatologists and this, in turn, will help them in building their capacity and career.

Primatologists from different corners of the world specially across Asia will get a common platform to share their findings, views and ideas regarding diverse primate related issues through this symposium (8th, 9th and 10th February, 2020). This exchanging of ideas among veteran and budding primatologists will contribute a lot to the field of primatology and will also help in ongoing efforts of conservation and management of non-human primates.

Viewing the rich diversity of primate in the state of Assam in northeast India, Guwahati, the capital city of the state has been selected as the organizing site for the both the symposium and pre-symposium training.

Theme

“Conserving Primate Diversity in the Anthropocene: Challenges and Strategies”

Sub-theme:

1. Primate Biogeography, Ecology & Behaviour, Cognition and Conservation
2. Urban Primate Ecology and Human-Primates Interaction
3. Primate Health, Hygiene, Zoo Management and Conservation Breeding
4. Primate Phylogeny, Genetics and Forensic
5. Primate Trades and Trans-boundary issues, Advocacy and Policy Management
6. Primate in Literature, Folklore, Outreach and Training
7. Primate and Climate Change



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